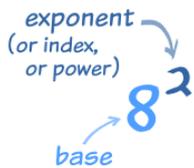


# Introduction to Exponents

Created: Friday, 15 July 2011 07:48 | Published: Friday, 15 July 2011 07:48 | Written by [Super User](#) | [Print](#)

## What are Exponents?



An exponent is the continued product of a number multiplied with itself a number of times. It can be written as the number raised to the power of [anatural number](#), equal to the number of times the number is multiplied with itself.

$$a^n = \underbrace{a \times a \times \dots \times a}_n$$

For example:  $8 \times 8$  can be written as  $8^2$  and it is read as 8 raised to the power 2 or second

[power](#) of 8.

In  $8^2$ , we call 8 as the base and 2 as the [exponent](#) or power.

## Types of Exponents

- Positive Exponents
- [Negative Exponents](#)
- [Fractional Exponents](#)
- [Zero Exponents](#)

Each type is discussed as follows:

### Positive Exponents

Powers with [positive integer exponents](#) may be defined by the initial condition  $a^1 = a$  and the recurrence relation  $a^{n+1} = a \cdot a^n$

For example:  $3^5$ , here as we know that 3 is the base and 5 is the exponent which is positive.

Try this:

1. If  $2^5 = 32$ , then what would be  $2^6 = ?$

(Answer: 64)

### Negative Exponents

$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$  A negative exponent is defined as the [reciprocal](#) of that power with a positive exponent.  
 $a^{-n}$  is the reciprocal of  $a^n$ .

For example:  $2^{-3} = \frac{1}{2^3} = \frac{1}{8}$

Try these questions now:

1. Express  $(2)^{-4}$  with a positive exponent.
2. What is the value of  $4^{-2}$  ?

## Fractional Exponents

A fractional exponent is defined as an exponent of the form  $1/n$ , means to take the  $n$ th root instead of multiplying or dividing. For example,  $4^{1/3}$  is the 3rd root([cube root](#)) of 4.

For example: What is  $9^{1/2}$ ?

$9^{1/2}$  is the square root of 9 which is 3.

?  $9^{1/2} = 3$

Try these questions now:

1. Evaluate:  $16^{1/4}$   
(Answer: 2)
2. Evaluate:  $128^{1/7}$   
(Answer: 2)

## Zero Exponents

For any number (a) not equal to 0,  $a^0=1$  or any non-zero number raised to the [power zero](#) is equal to 1.

For example:  $2^0 = 1$

Try these questions now:

1. What is  $1000^0$ ?  
(Answer: 1)
2. Evaluate:  $(200)^0 + (100)^0$   
(Answer: 2)

Now try it yourself! Should you still need any help, [click here](#) to schedule live online session with e Tutor!

## About eAge Tutoring :

[eAgeTutor.com](#) is the premium online tutoring provider. Using materials developed by highly qualified educators and leading content developers, a team of top-notch software experts, and a group of passionate educators, eAgeTutor works to ensure the success and satisfaction of all of its students.

[Contact us](#) today to learn more about our tutoring programs and discuss how we can help make the dreams of the student in your life come true!

## Reference Links :

- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Natural\\_number](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Natural_number)
- <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Power>
- <http://www.purplemath.com/modules/exponent2.htm>
- <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Exponentiation>
- <http://www.purplemath.com/modules/exponent5.htm>
- [http://wiki.answers.com/Q/What\\_is\\_zero\\_exponent](http://wiki.answers.com/Q/What_is_zero_exponent)
- <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OGbL6QZW0Ls&feature=fvwrel>
- <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reciprocal>
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cube\\_root](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cube_root)

Category:ROOT

[Joomla SEF URLs by Artio](#)