

Newton's law of cooling

Created: Monday, 29 August 2011 08:58 | Published: Monday, 29 August 2011 08:58 | Written by [Super User](#) | [Print](#)

Introduction to Newton's law of cooling

Newton's law of cooling states that a body's rate of loss of [heat](#) is directly proportional to the temperature difference between the body and its surroundings. When a hot body is placed at a lower [temperature](#), the hot body slowly cools down by losing heat energy to its surroundings.

Isaac Newton found that the temperature of a hot object decreases at a rate proportional to the difference between it and the surrounding temperature. Obversely, an object colder than its surroundings warms at a rate proportional to the same difference.

Equation of Newton's law of Cooling

The formula governing the law is $dQ/dt = c (T - S)$ (1)

where T is the object's temperature, S is the surrounding temperature, dQ is the quantity of heat lost in time dt, and c is a constant of proportionality.

Derivation of Equation

For a small temperature difference between a body and its surroundings, the body's rate of cooling is directly proportional to the temperature difference. If a body of temperature T and surface area A is kept in a surrounding temperature T_0 ($T_0 < T$), then net loss of thermal energy per unit time amounts to:

$$dQ/dt = A(T^4 - T_0^4)$$

If the temperature difference is small, then:

$$T = T_0 + \Delta T$$

$$\Rightarrow A[(T_0 + \Delta T)^4] = A[T_0^4 (1 + \Delta T/T_0)^4 - T_0^4]$$

$$\Rightarrow AT_0^4[1 + 4 \Delta T/T_0 + \text{higher powers of } \Delta T/T_0 - 1]$$

$$= 4AT_0^3 \Delta T$$

Now, the rate of loss of heat at temperature T is:

$$dQ/dt = -mc dT/dt$$

$$mc dT/dt = -4\pi^2 AT_0^3 [T - T_0]$$

$$dT/dt = -K [T - T_0]$$

$$K = 4\pi^2 AT_0^3 / mc$$

$$dT/dt = -(T - T_0)$$

We know that the heat that a body loses depends on its heat capacity. If m is the mass of the body and s is the [specific heat](#), then

$$dQ/dt = m s dT/dt$$

With Newton's law (eq. 1), this equation can be used to find the specific heat capacity of the liquid.

Want to know more about Newton's law of cooling? [Click here](#) to schedule a live session with an eAge eTutor!

About eAge Tutoring:

[eAgeTutor.com](#) is the premium online tutoring provider. Using materials developed by highly qualified educators and leading content developers, a team of top-notch software experts, and a group of passionate educators, eAgeTutor works to ensure the success and satisfaction of all of its students.

[Contact us](#) today to learn more about our guaranteed results and discuss how we can help make the dreams of the student in your life come true!

Reference links:

- <http://www.hyperphysics.phy-str.gsu.edu/hbase/thermo/spht.html>
- <http://www.physics.about.com/od/energyworkpower/f/KineticEnergy.htm>
- <http://www.en.wikipedia.org/wiki/heat>

Category:ROOT

[Joomla SEF URLs by Artio](#)