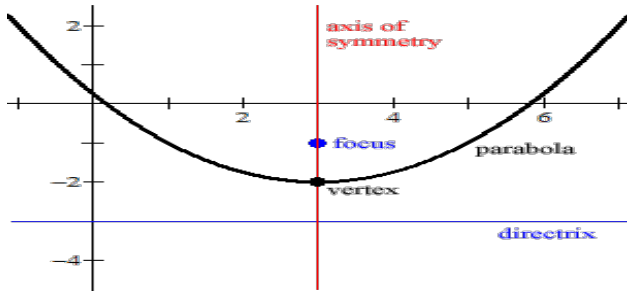


# PARABOLA

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## Definition

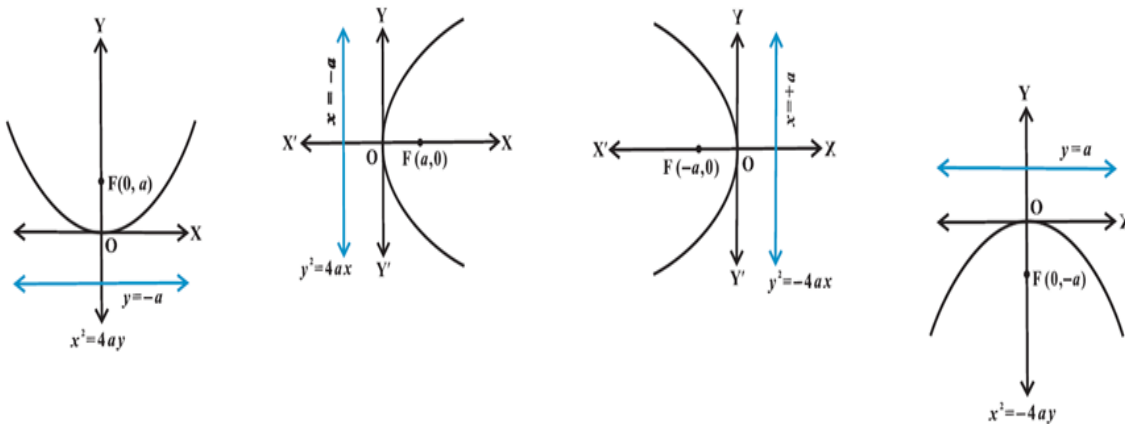


A [parabola](#) is the set of all points in a plane that are equidistant from

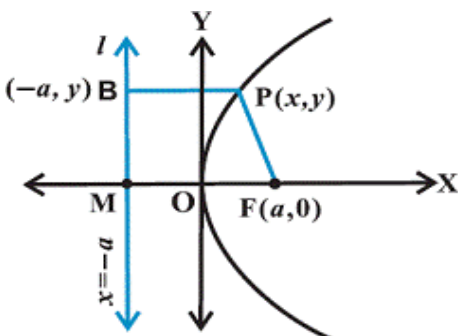
a fixed line and a fixed point (not on the line) in the plane.

The fixed line is called [Directrix](#) of the parabola and the fixed point is called the Focus. A line through the focus and perpendicular to the Directrix is called the axis of the parabola. The point of intersection of parabola with the axis is called the Vertex of the parabola.

## Equations of Parabola



Above diagrams represent four possible orientations of parabola. Now, we will derive the [equation for the parabola](#) with focus at  $(a, 0)$   $a > 0$ ; and Directrix  $x = -a$ . Consider the following diagram:



Let F be the focus and l the Directrix. Let FM be perpendicular to the Directrix

and bisect FM at the point O. Extend MO to MX. Suppose the distance from the Directrix to the focus be  $2a$ . Then, the coordinates

of the focus are  $(a, 0)$  and the equation of Directrix is  $x + a = 0$ .

Let  $P(x, y)$  be any point on the parabola such that  $PF = PB$ , where  $PB$  is perpendicular to  $l$ . The coordinates of  $B$  are  $(-a, y)$ .

Using [distance formula](#), we have

$$PF = \sqrt{(x - a)^2 + y^2}$$

$$PB = \sqrt{(x + a)^2}$$

Since,  $PF = PB$

$$\sqrt{(x - a)^2 + y^2} = \sqrt{(x + a)^2}$$

$$(x - a)^2 + y^2 = (x + a)^2$$

$$x^2 - 2ax + a^2 + y^2 = x^2 + 2ax + a^2$$

$$y^2 = 4ax \quad (a > 0)$$

Similarly, we can find other three equations of the parabola as shown in the above diagrams.

Thus, the four equations of parabola are:

$$Y^2 = 4ax$$

$$Y^2 = -4ax$$

$$X^2 = 4ay$$

$$X^2 = -4ay$$

These four equations are called the standard equations of parabola.

To summarise, here are the observations from the standard equations of parabola:

1. Parabola is symmetric with respect to the axis of the parabola.

If the equation is  $y^2 = 4ax$  or  $-4ax$ , then the axis of symmetry is along the  $x$ -axis

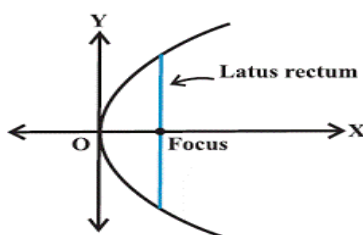
And if the equation is  $x^2 = 4ay$  or  $-4ay$ , then the axis of symmetry is along the  $y$ -axis.

2. When the [axis of symmetry](#) is along the  $x$ -axis the parabola opens to the

- Right - if the coefficient of  $x$  is positive.
- Left - if the coefficient of  $x$  is negative.

3. When the axis of symmetry is along the  $y$ -axis the parabola opens

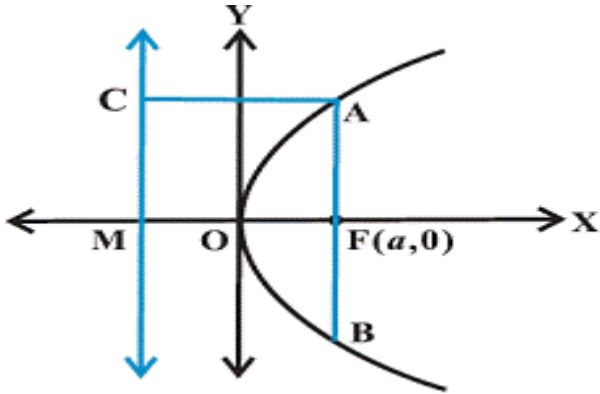
- Upwards - if the coefficient of  $y$  is positive.
- Downwards - if the coefficient of  $y$  is negative.



# Latus Rectum

Latus rectum of a parabola is a line segment perpendicular to the axis of the parabola, through the focus and whose end points lie on the parabola.

**To find the Length of the latus rectum:  $y^2 = 4ax$**



Consider the above diagram:

From the definition of the parabola,  $AF = AC$ .

But  $AC = FM = 2a$

Hence  $AF = 2a$ .

And since the parabola is symmetric with respect to x-axis  $AF = FB$  and so  
 $AB = \text{Length of the latus rectum} = 4a$ .

Now try it yourself! Should you still need any help, [click here](#) to schedule live online session with e Tutor!

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## Reference Links:

- <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Parabola>
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Directrix#Eccentricity.2C\\_focus\\_and\\_directrix](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Directrix#Eccentricity.2C_focus_and_directrix)
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Parabola#Equation\\_in\\_Cartesian\\_coordinates](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Parabola#Equation_in_Cartesian_coordinates)
- <http://www.purplemath.com/modules/distform.htm>
- <http://www.thefreedictionary.com/Axis+of+symmetry>

- <http://www.answers.com/topic/latus-rectum>

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