

EQUALITY OF TWO MATRICES

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Equality of two Matrices



Two [matrices](#) $A = [a_{ij}]$ and $B = [b_{ij}]$ are said to be equal if they are of same [order](#) and each element of A is [equal](#) to the corresponding element of B , that is $a_{ij} = b_{ij}$ for all i and j . Symbolically we write it as $A = B$

For example: If
$$\begin{pmatrix} x + 3 & z + 4 & 2y - 7 \\ -6 & a - 1 & 0 \\ b - 3 & -21 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 6 & 3y - 2 \\ -6 & -3 & 2c + 2 \\ 2b + 4 & -21 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the values of a , b , c , x , y and z

Solution: Since the matrices are equal, corresponding elements are equal

$$x + 3 = 0$$

$$x = -3$$

$$z + 4 = 6$$

$$z = 2$$

$$2y - 7 = 3y - 2$$

$$2y - 3y = -2 + 7$$

$$y = -5$$

$$a - 1 = -3$$

$$a = -2$$

$$2c + 2 = 0$$

$$c = -1$$

$$b - 3 = 2b + 4$$

$$b - 2b = 7$$

$$b = -7$$

Hence, $a = -2$, $b = -7$, $c = -1$, $x = -3$, $y = -5$ and $z = 2$.

Try this:

1. Given that the following matrices are equal, find the values of x and y .

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} x & 2 \\ 3 & y \end{pmatrix}$$

(Answer: $x = 1$, $y = 4$)

2. Given that the following matrices are equal, find the values of x , y , and z .

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 6 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} x & 0 \\ 6 & y + 4 \\ z/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(Answer: $x = 4$, $y = -6$, and $z = 9$)

Construction of a Matrix

When the general term and the order of a matrix is given, we can easily construct a matrix.

For example: Construct a 3×4 matrix whose elements are given by $a_{ij} = 2i - j$

Let the matrix be $A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} \end{pmatrix}$

$$a_{11} = 2 - 1 = 1 \quad a_{12} = 2 - 2 = 0 \quad a_{13} = 2 - 3 = -1 \quad a_{14} = 2 - 4 = -2$$

$$a_{21} = 4 - 1 = 3 \quad a_{22} = 4 - 2 = 2 \quad a_{23} = 4 - 3 = 1 \quad a_{24} = 4 - 4 = 0$$

$$a_{31} = 6 - 1 = 5 \quad a_{32} = 6 - 2 = 4 \quad a_{33} = 6 - 3 = 3 \quad a_{34} = 6 - 4 = 2$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Now try it yourself! Should you still need any help, [click here](#) to schedule live online session with e Tutor!

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Reference Links:

- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Matrix_\(mathematics\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Matrix_(mathematics))
- http://www.mathreference.com/la-mpoly_order.html
- http://wiki.answers.com/Q/What_is_order_of_the_resultant_matrix_AB_when_two_matrices_are_multiplied_and_the_order_of_the_matrices
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